# HAWAI'I UNDERSEA RESEARCH LABORATORY

QUICK LOOK REPORT (QLR) for Pisces and RCV-150

<b>DIVE:</b>	RCV150-R355	

# **MISSION STATUS**

Location	Southwest Molokai		
Latitude:	<u>21</u> ° 0.9666 <u> </u>	Lo	ngitude: _157_° 06.8301
Mission I	Date: Oct. 26, 2006	Duration	: <u>1</u> hour _ mins
Maximur	<b>Depth:</b> <u>301</u> meters		
Project T slope snap		es: Efficacy	y of marine protected areas for deep
Principal	Investigator: Dr. Daniel Polhem	nus*/Walte	er Ikehara**
	Address: *Department of Lar Resources, 1151 Punchbowl, Rn **NMFS PIRO, 1601 Kapiolani	n 330, Hon	
Phone:	808-587-0110		
Observer	1: <u>Christopher Kelley</u>	Observe	r 2: <u>Dan Polhemus</u>
Address:	Hawaii Undersea Research Lab	Address:	<u>DLNR</u>
	University of Hawaii		<u>Division of Aquatic Resources</u>
	_1000 Pope Rd, MSB 303		1151 Punchbowl, Rm 330
	Honolulu, HI, 96822		Honolulu, HI 96813
Pilot 1:	_Dan Greeson	Pilot 2:	Pete Townsend
cientific Data	Acquired: Prepare an abstract	t outlining	your objectives, techniques,

#### Objectives:

findings, etc.

- 1) Characterize "habitat bridges" as a potential mechanism to facilitate movement of adult bottomfish species from bottomfish restricted fishing areas into adjacent exploitable areas.
- 2) With input from a companion tagging and tracking study, observe opakapaka and onaga associated with the areas where habitat bridges may link protected areas and adjacent exploited areas.
- 3) Develop methodologies for introducing acoustic tags to selected bottomfish at depth in situ using a manned submersible.

Observations, findings, etc:

Because of bad weather conditions, this dive was conducted on a bottomfish habitat site southwest of Molokai. The objective was to examine the substrate and biological community of a large ridge that was believed to be a drowned barrier reef formation extending from south Molokai to the Northwest corner of Lanai. The dive was conducted at a location along the ridge where onaga and ehu had been caught on previous fishing surveys. There is continuity between Penguin Bank and this ridge via the area surveyed yesterday evening, however it is unkown where bottomfish do in fact migrate between the two habitats. The ROV descended to a depth of 294 m and encountered hard, relatively sediment clear carbonate rock which continued through most of the dive. There were numerous cavities, small ledges, and rises which is preferred substrate by bottomfish. Most importantly, there were numerous colonies of the precious coral, Corallium secundum at depths as shallow as 250 m which is unusual and may be indicative of upwelling of colder water coming up from off the western edge of the ridge. These colonies are at risk of damage from bottomfishing gear. Several colonies did indeed have broken fans that could have been caused by fishing lines. At the highest point of the transect, a group of ehu, Etelis carbunculus, were observed. Additional ROV or submersible transects should be carried out along this ridge to determine the extent of the coral bed and whether this site should be considered for HAPC designation.

#### Observed Species list:

<u>Fish:</u> Epigonus sp, Polymixia japonica, Symphysanodon maunaloae, Antigonia eos, Laemonema rhodochir, scorpaenid, Pontinus macrocephalus, Etelis carbunculus, Plectranthias kelloggi, onaga juv?, Ariomma luridum, carapid

<u>Echinoderms:</u> Sphaeriodiscus ammophilis, Stylocidaris calacantha, Caliaster pedicellaris?, Stylocidaris rufa, Holothuria cinerescens?

<u>Cnidarians:</u> scleractinian solitary red, Javania lamprotichum?, Cirrhipathes spiralis, Antipathes sp 1, Nemanthus sp, Corallium niveum, Corallium secundum, Corallium regale?, Corallium lauensis, Anthomastus fisheri, Bathypathes sp?

Mollusks/bivalves: bivalves

Crustaceans: unidentified shrimp, Plesionika sp., Progeryon mus,

Other Invertebrates: ribbon sponges

Man-made Objects: fishing line

## **MISSION EVALUATION:**

### Limitations, failures, or operational problems noted:

Poor weather and sea conditions prevented the deployment of the ROV in the Kahoolawe Island Reserve. Several alternative sites were investigated and rejected. Finally an alternate potential bottomfish habitat site well north of the Kahoolawe Island Reserve was and the ROV was deployed to obtain data on habitat characteristics and community structure.

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None

In your opinion, did the mission essentially achieve its purpose? Compare actual work accomplished with the work that was expected to be accomplished:

Despite the fact that the dive could not be conducted in the reserve, excellent video and closeups were obtained in a bottomfish habitat site. The mission was therefore considered a success.

List specimens or samples collected on the mission:

None

# **DATA RELEASE**

Data may be retained by the project leader for up to 2 years after the mission date with the following exception. NOAA may request to use photos for publication or publicity purposes at any time.

Fill in the appropriate statement below and sign this form.

I hereby release the data archived by HURL for public consumption following mission (Project title):
Boundaries and Bridges: Efficacy of marine protected areas for deep-slope snappers
Held on Oct. 26, 2006 (date) in the following way:
a. CTD data by Oct. 26, 2008 (date)
b. Video and images by Oct. 26, 2008 (date)
c. Other Oct. 26, 2008 (date)
d. I will give my written consent to individuals wishing to use these data prior to the above dates depending on the nature of the request(s).
Principal Investigator