HAWAI'I UNDERSEA RESEARCH LABORATORY

QUICK LOOK REPORT ROV: RCV-340

MISSION STATUS

Location: Southern Au'au Channel, Maui

Latitude: 20° 45.39' N

Longitude: 156° 43.74' W

Mission Date: October 22, 2006

Duration: 1 hours 22 mins

Maximum Depth: 130 m

Project Title: Ecological impact of Carijoa riisei on black coral habitat

Principal Investigator: Sam Kahng, University of Hawaii

Address: 1000 Pope Road, Honolulu, HI 96822

Phone: 808-956-9349

Observer 1:

Observer 2:

Address: 1000 Pope Road, Honolulu, HI 96822

Pilot 1: Dan Greeson

Pilot 2: Peter Townsend

Scientific Data Acquired: Prepare an abstract outlining your objectives, techniques, findings, etc.

Objectives:

An investigation of the deep reef habitat was conducted in select locations in the Au'au Channel between the islands of Maui an Lanai in the Hawaiian Archipelago to determine the ecological impact of the *Carijoa riisei* biological invasion on the black coral habitat and the deep reef. This was one of two dives on the Pisces IV submersible and 3 remotely operated vehicle deployments of the RCV-150 conducted October 21-24, 2006.

Observations, findings, etc:

The RCV track was NE along the ridges separating solution basins in the southeastern end of the Au'au Channel between the islands of Maui and Lanai.

Most of the survey transect covered soft, sandy bottomed terrain. At depths above 90 m a macro algae with a round blade and solitary holdfast and a foliose green alga (cf. *Ulva*) were common. Below 110 m patches of wire coral, *Cirrhipathes* sp. were encountered. A few dense wire coral patches were observed.

On steeper slopes on ridges bordering the solution basins large patches of scleractinian plate corals (*Leptoseris* spp.) were encountered 70-90 m. Thick patches of calcareous green algae (*Halimeda* sp.) intermixed with *Ulva* were encountered in shallower sandy locations at 60-80 m.

No black corals were observed on this transect.

These observations suggest are consistent with a previous ROV deployment (RCV-164) performed by Rick Grigg and confirm that black corals are less common in the southeastern end of the channel. It is hypothesized that current flow is less intense closer to the island of Maui in the southern end of the channel.

Species list: Cirrhipathes sp.. Leptoseris spp. Halimeda spp. Ulva sp.

MISSION EVALUAT	IUN	6
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Limitations, failures, or operational problems noted:

Recommendations for corrective action or improvement:

In your opinion, did the mission essentially achieve its purpose? Compare actual work accomplished with the work that was expected to be accomplished.

Mission accomplished. The crew did a fine job in helping us meet our scientific objectives.

List specimens or samples collected on the mission.

DATA RELEASE

Data may be retained by the project leader for up to 2 years after the mission date with the following exception. NOAA may request to use photos for publication or publicity purposes at any time.

Fill in the appropriate statement below and sign this form.

I hereby release the data archived by HURL for public consumption following mission (project title)

held on(date) in the following way:
a. CTD data by(date)
b. video and images by(date)
c. other(date)
d. I will give my written consent to individuals wishing to use these data prior to the above dates depending on the nature of the request(s).
Principal Investigator