

HAWAI'I UNDERSEA RESEARCH LABORATORY

QUICK LOOK REPORT (QLR) for *Pisces* and RCV-150

DIVE: P5-710

(Extend length of sections as needed/appropriate)

MISSION STATUS

Location: Olowalu, Auau Channel, Maui

Latitude: 20° 48.03

Longitude: 156° 43.125

Mission Date: 12/7/2007

Duration: 7 hours 18 mins

Maximum Depth: 112 meters

Project Title: Investigating Deep (50 – 100 m) Coral Reefs of Hawaii

Principal Investigator: Montgomery/Pyle/Rooney/Popp/Parrish/Smith

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Observer 1: Tony Montgomery

Observer 2: John Rooney

Address: 1151 Punchbowl St Rm 330
Honolulu, HI 96813

Address: NOAA Pacific Islands Fisheries
Science Center

Pilot 1: Max Cremer

Pilot 2:

Scientific Data Acquired: Prepare an abstract outlining your objectives, techniques, findings, etc.

Objectives:

The main objectives of this dive was to collect representative samples from the deep reef zone (50-100m) and conduct preliminary transects along high coral cover areas. The collections and transects were also coordinated with P4-199 in order to collect comparative fish and benthic data. This dive targeted scleractinian corals, algae, and macro invertebrates. More specifically, corals with any potential disease or stress were collected as well as sponges, black corals, and rubble rocks for documentation of baseline biodiversity information.

QLR continued

Observations, findings, etc:

Observations from this particular location include less scleractinian corals than expected, but still found moderate numbers. Many common shallow water phenomenon were also seen in deep water such as the predation by *Acanthaster planci*, Crown-of-thorns starfish, as well as potential coral disease (not confirmed). The area was moderate coverage of stony corals with some higher cover areas. The middle part of the plateau was dominated by Halimeda. Small rock outcropping near beginning of dive had high coral cover while the basin slope had moderate, and the plateau had very little.

Observed Species list:

Antipathes grandis, *Stichopathes sp.*, *Leptoseris spp.*, *Monitpora capitata*, *Porties lobata?*, *Panulirus marginatus*, *Scyllarides haanii*, *Stenopus hispidus*, *mantis shrimp*, *Pseudobolentia indiana*, *Brissus latecarinatus*, *Pentaceraster cumingi*, *Acanthaster planci*, *Pteria brunnea*, *black barrel/tube sponge (photo taken)*, *tube bryozoan? (photo taken)*, *Yellow bulbous sponge*, *small yellow tube sponge*

MISSION EVALUATION:

Limitations, failures, or operational problems noted:

Collection of plate corals is difficult due to coral fragility.

Titan mechanical arm shutters some times prevent it from collecting fragile specimens or allowing the pilot to have full control of the specimen.

Dual sub dives conducting transects needs more communication between scientists and pilots

Recommendations for corrective action or improvement:

Develop method for plate coral collection. Have some larger tray or other tool to push under the colony and have a slightly larger basket to place the colony in. This would at least allow one or two intact plates to be collected.

The scientists need to have a very clear methodology worked out and review the plan with the pilots before the dive.

In your opinion, did the mission essentially achieve its purpose? Compare actual work accomplished with the work that was expected to be accomplished:

The dive was successful and accomplished all the main goals expected. Utilizing 2 subs was very important, but could have been more productive given more communication and planning for methodology.

List specimens or samples collected on the mission:

Invertebrates

P5-710 Sta. 1

sponge- yellow bulbous tough
sponge- pale yellow spikey
brittle star- Ophiocoma sp.
trapezid crab- Trapezus intermedia
unknown micromolluscs-bivalves and gastropods

P5-710 Sta. 2

large bivalve- Spondylus sp.
polychaete- Eunicid
small unid brachyura
sponge- yellow bulbous tough
sponge- pale yellow spikey

P5-710 Sta. 4

brittle star- Ophiocoma sp.
red crab- Xanthid
small hermit crab- Anomura
hydroids- unknown sp.
small bivalve micromollusc
gastropod-Drupa?
polychaete- Phyllodocid
sponge- bright yellow dense ball
sponge- dark pink mounds
sponge- pale yellow spikey
amphipod
white didemnum tunicate
sponge- green slimy encrusting
small alpheid

P5-710 Sta. 5

gastropod micromollusc

P5-710 Sta. 6

sponge- yellow mild spike, gooey

P5-710 Sta. 8

sponge- white clear glassy spikey
white didemnum tunicate

P5-710 Sta. unknown

bryozoan- orange/red light spot
bryozoan- pink/red long spikes
small hermit crab- Anomura
hydroids- unknown sp.
polychaete- Phyllodocid and Eunicid
sponge- yellow bulbous tough
sponge- dark pink mounds
white didemnum tunicate
brittle star- Ophiocoma sp.
gastropod micromollusc

Corals

Antipathes grandis
Leptoseris spp.
Porites lobata
Montipora capitata

Algae

Caulerpa sp. (taxifolia or mexicana)

Halimeda sp. (opuntia or distorta)

Epiphytic red and green algae

Amansia sp.

Codium mamillosum

Nongeniculate coralline algae

Distromium flabellatum (pieces)

Green epiphytic alga

Distromium flabellatum

Halimeda sp. (opuntia or distorta)

Red epiphyte

Peyssonnelia sp.

Fleshy red alga

Palmophyllum crassum

Codium mamillosum

Peyssonnelia sp.

Green and red epiphytes

Halimeda sp. (opuntia or distorta)

Amansia sp.

Nongeniculate coralline algae

DATA RELEASE

Data may be retained by the project leader for up to 2 years after the mission date with the following exception. NOAA may request to use photos for publication or publicity purposes at any time.

Fill in the appropriate statement below and sign this form.

I hereby release the data archived by HURL for public consumption following mission (Project title): Investigating Deep (50 – 100 m) Coral Reefs of Hawaii

Held on 12/7/2007 (date) in the following way:

- a. CTD data by 12/8/2009 (date)
- b. Video and images by 12/8/2009 (date)
- c. Other 12/8/2009 (date)
- d. I will give my written consent to individuals wishing to use these data prior to the above dates depending on the nature of the request(s).

Principal Investigator

ANNUAL/FINAL REPORT

NOAA's Office of Undersea Research
Submersible Science Program

Report Status: _____ Final or Continuing _____

Date of Report: _____ Dive Numbers: _____

Inclusive Dates of Mission: _____

Project Title: _____

Principal Investigator: _____ Signature: _____

Names of Co-Investigators: _____

I. Abstract of Mission Results: Please include diagrams or figures as appropriate.

II. Please discuss the following:

- A. Significance of the mission in relation to your research goals.
- B. Scientific contributions of the mission in terms of species, patterns, and processes observed or measured. Were the initial hypotheses addressed; were any new ones posed as a result of the mission? Was the methodology and/or technology utilized successful and repeatable by others?
- C. For continuing status reports, indicate the extent of data analysis or manuscript preparation completed to date.
- D. Advantages of NOAA's Undersea Research Program to your research investigations.
- E. Plans for use of the data gathered on this mission and the applications, products and/or benefits to NOAA.

III. Please include any comments on the following operational details, where applicable:

- A. Weather and water conditions affecting operations
- B. Safety problems and/or concerns
- C. Dive management and personnel cooperation
- D. Logistics and support activities